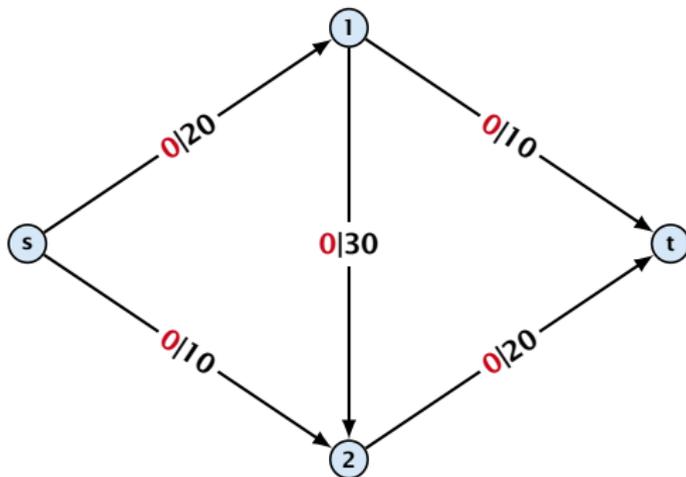


12 Augmenting Path Algorithms

Greedy-algorithm:

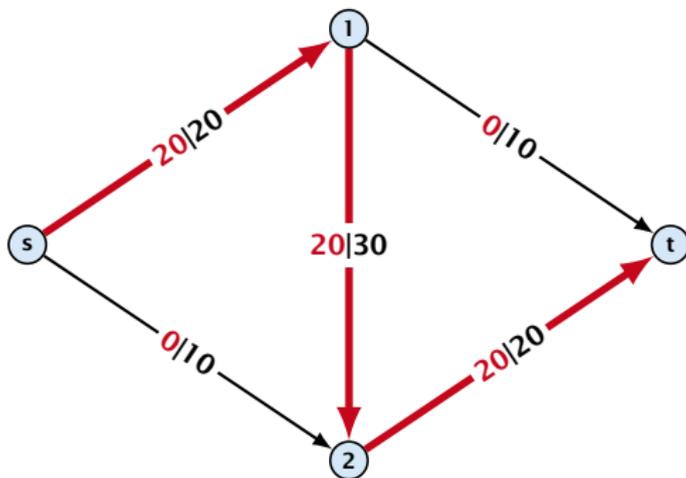
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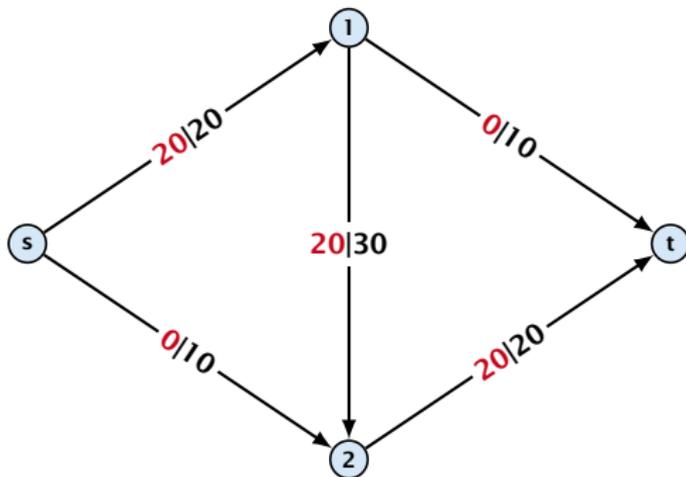
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From the graph $G = (V, E, c)$ and the current flow f we construct an auxiliary graph $G_f = (V, E_f, c_f)$ (the residual graph):

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- ▶ G_f has edge e'_1 with capacity $\max\{0, c(e_1) - f(e_1) + f(e_2)\}$ and e'_2 with with capacity $\max\{0, c(e_2) - f(e_2) + f(e_1)\}$.

Augmenting Path Algorithm

Definition 1

An **augmenting path** with respect to flow f , is a path from s to t in the auxiliary graph G_f that contains only edges with non-zero capacity.

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- 1: Initialize $f(e) \leftarrow 0$ for all edges.
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Augmenting Path Algorithm

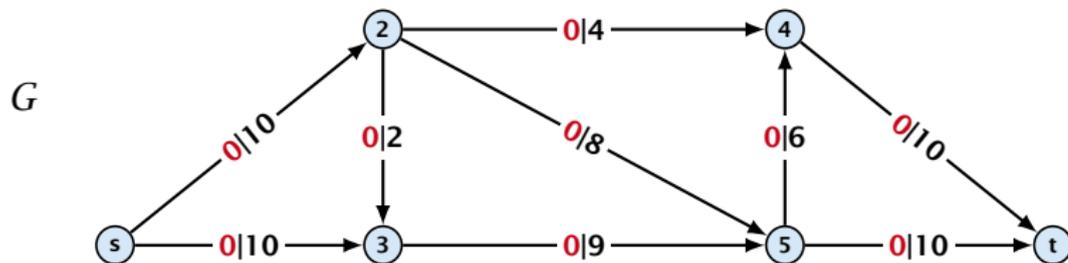
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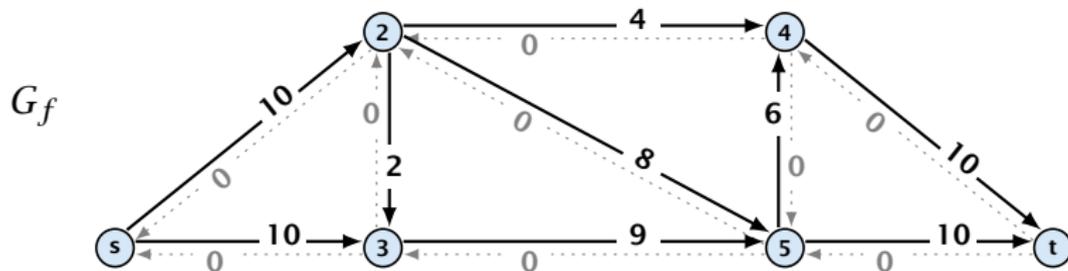
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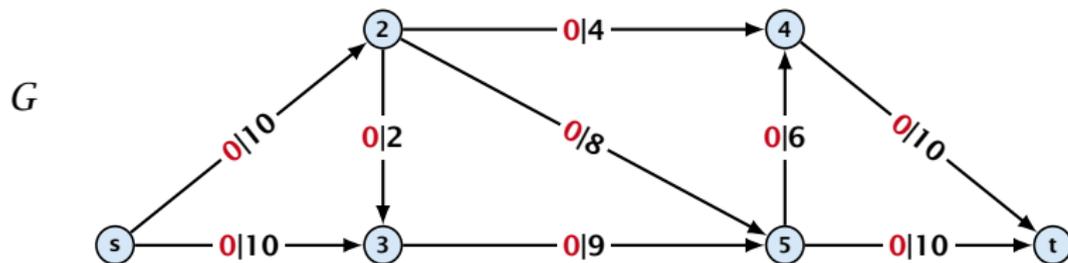
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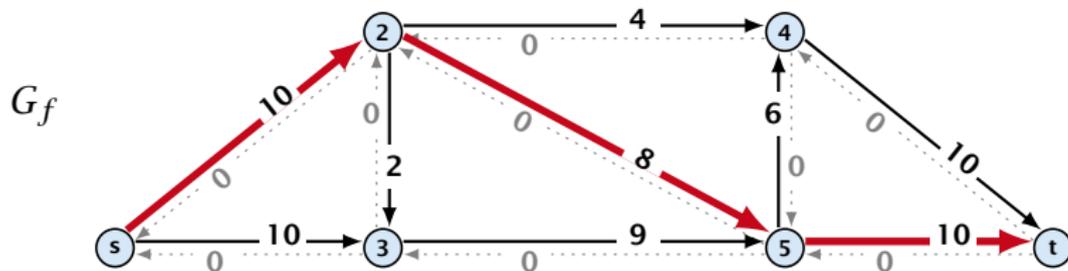
Flow value = 0



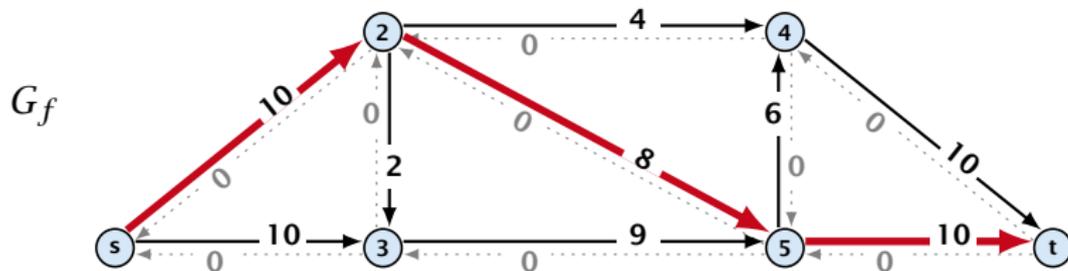
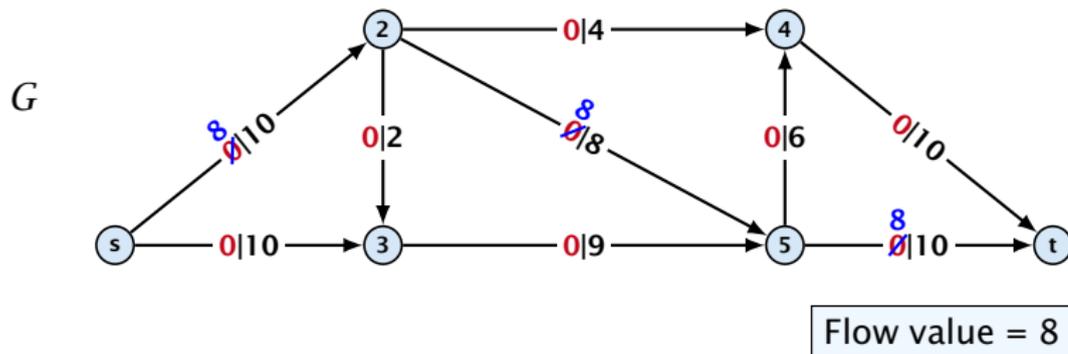
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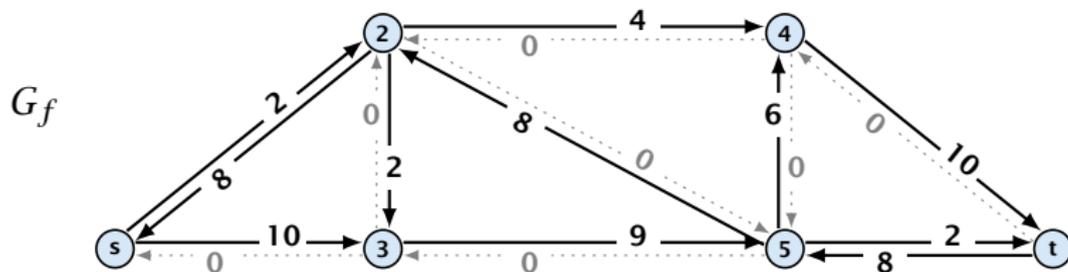
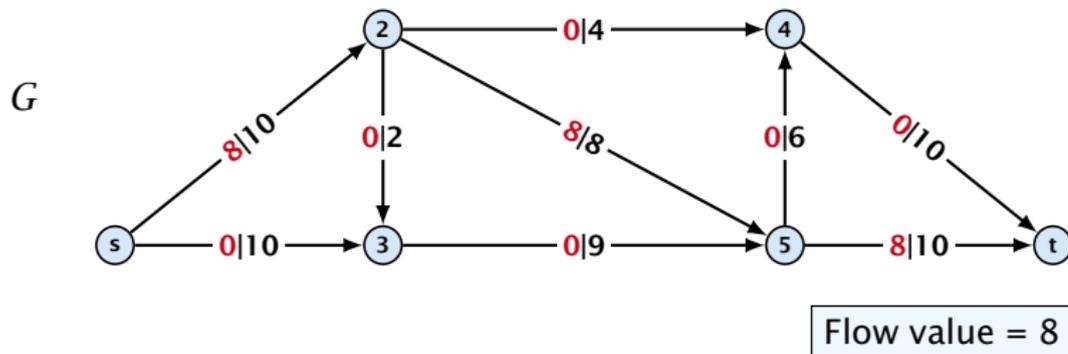
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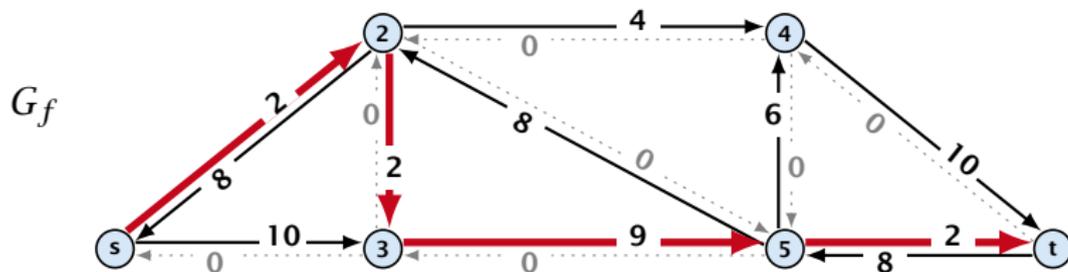
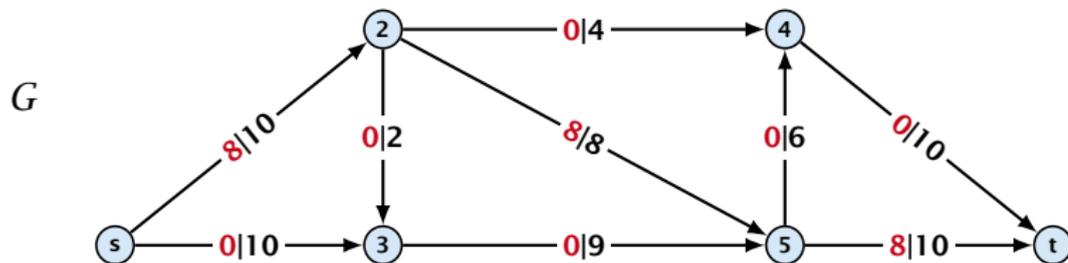
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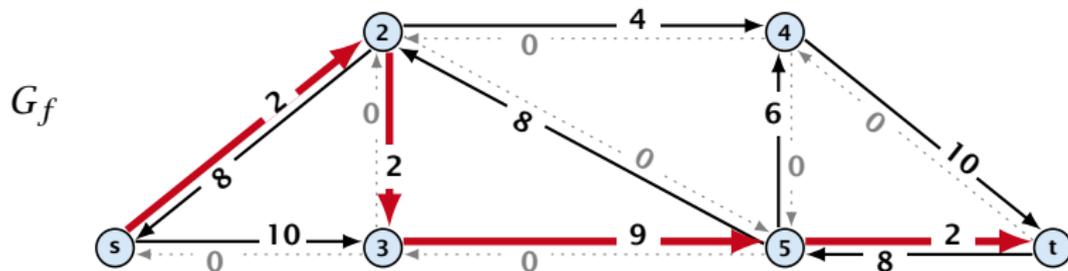
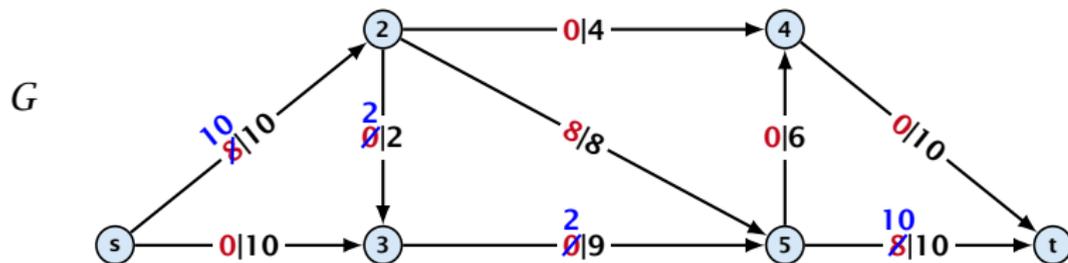
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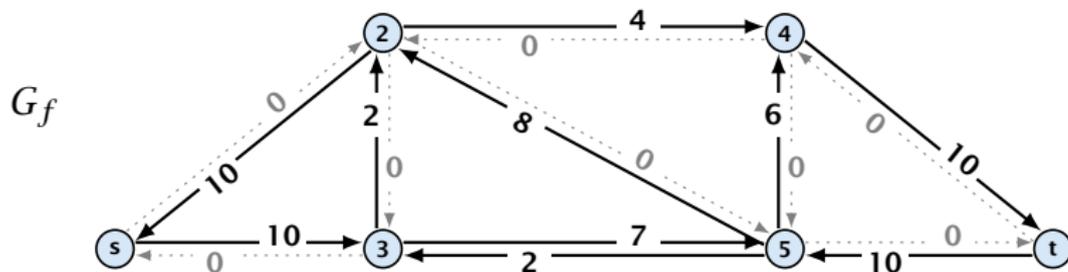
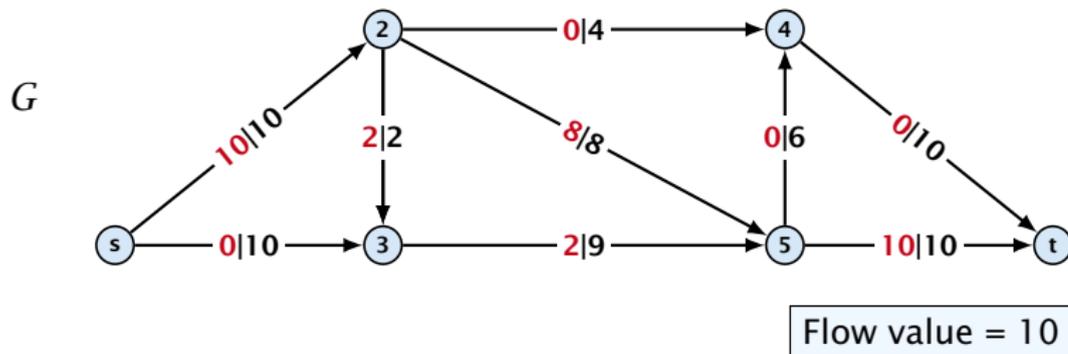
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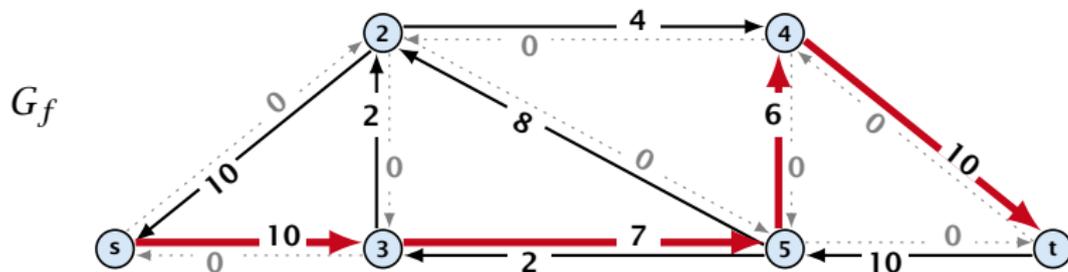
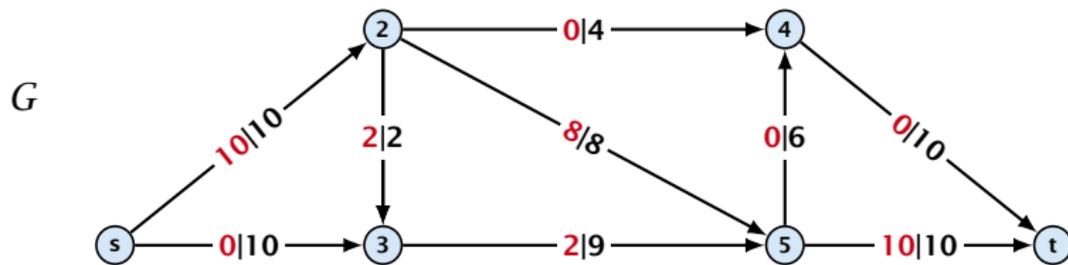
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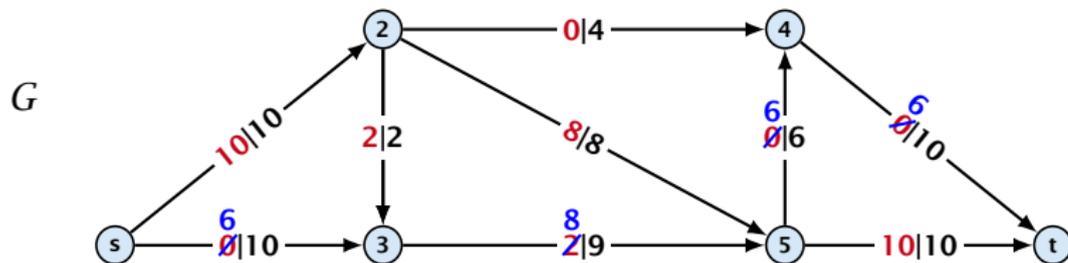
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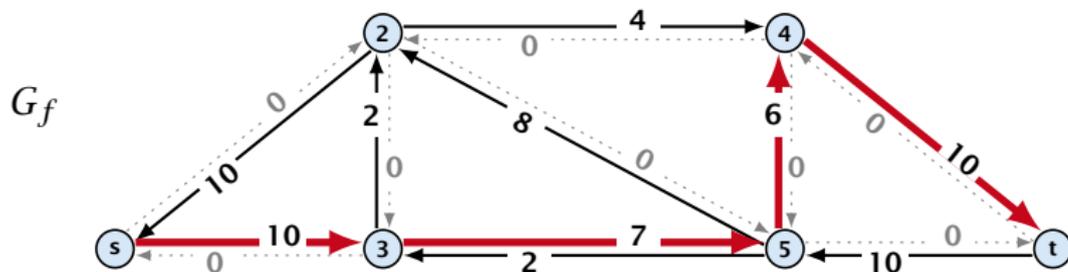
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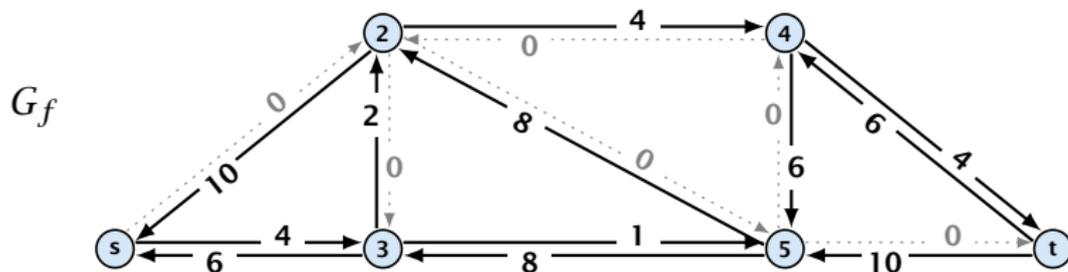
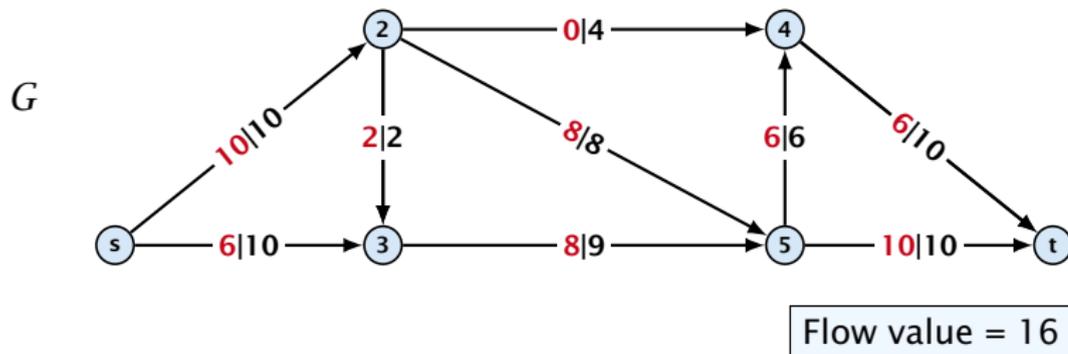
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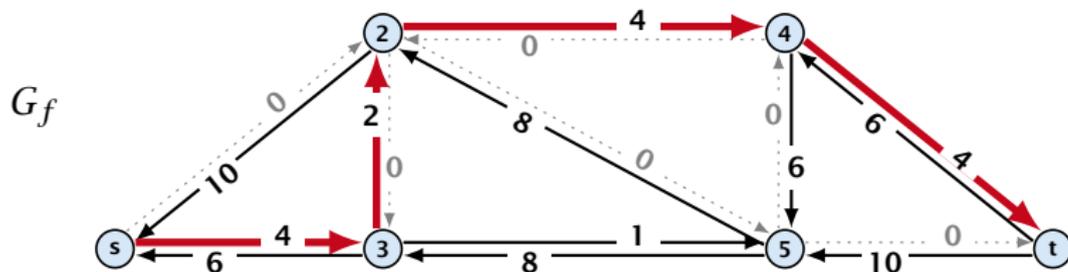
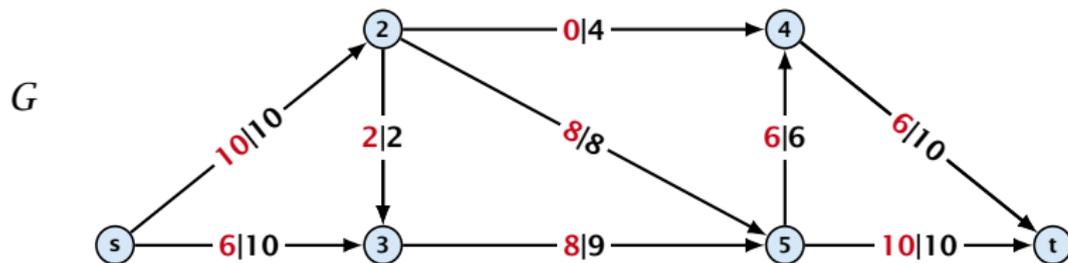
Flow value = 16



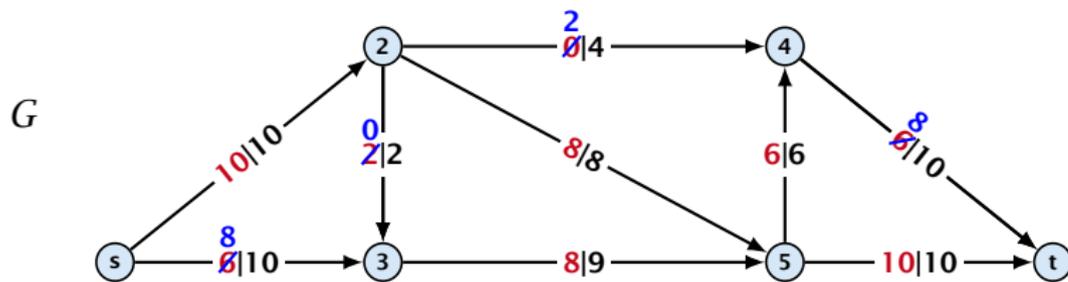
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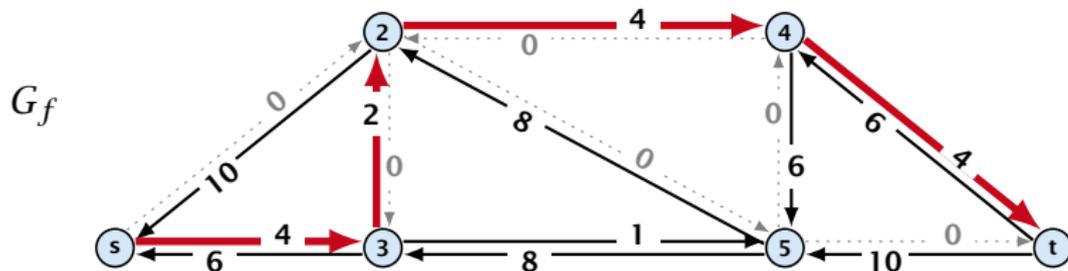
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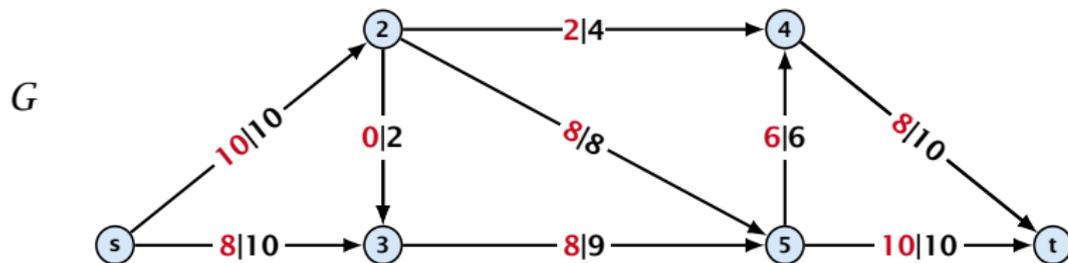
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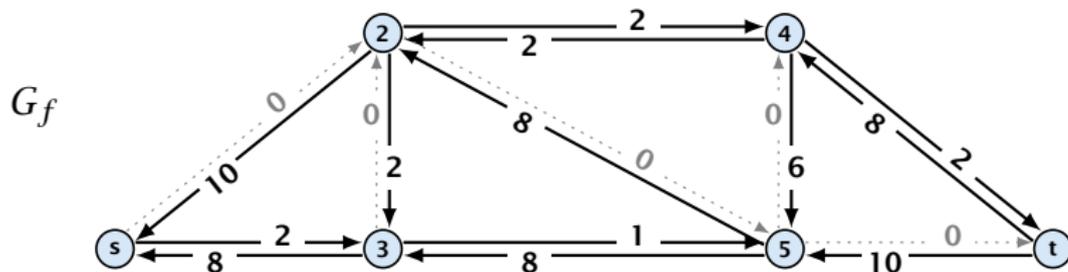
Flow value = 18



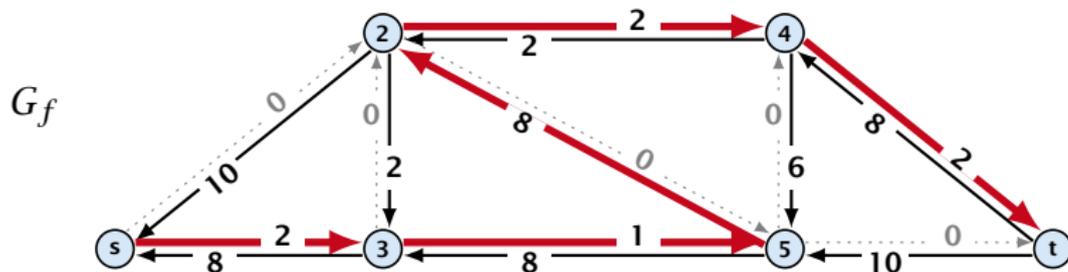
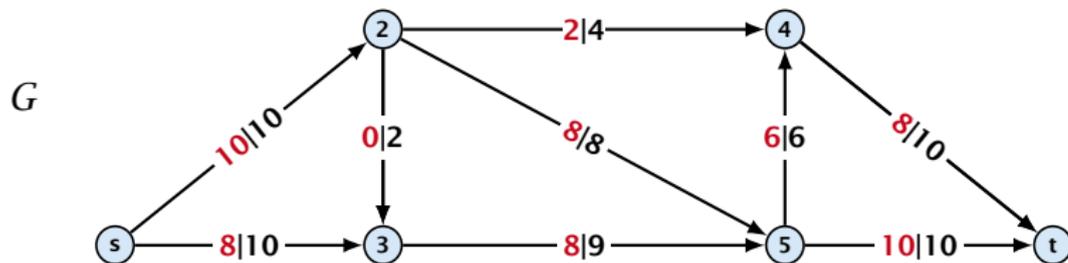
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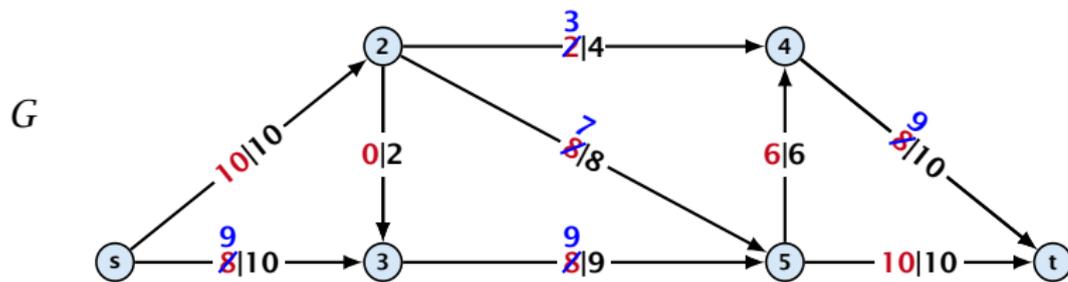
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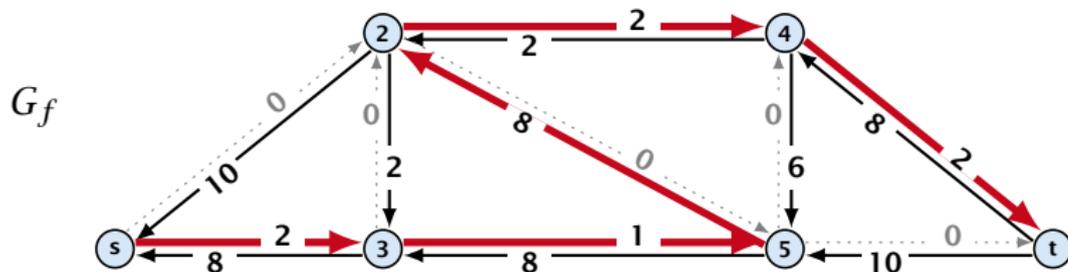
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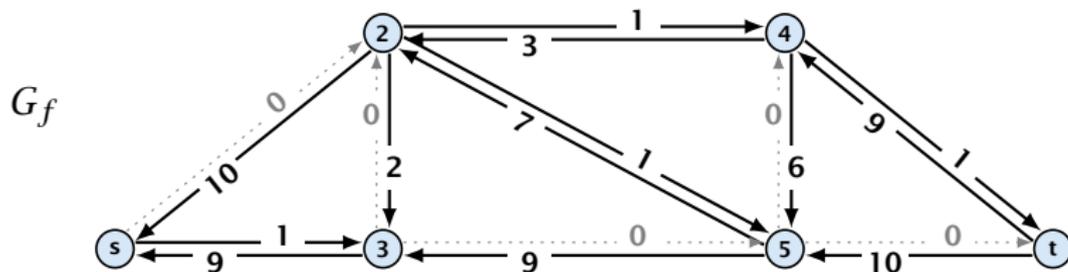
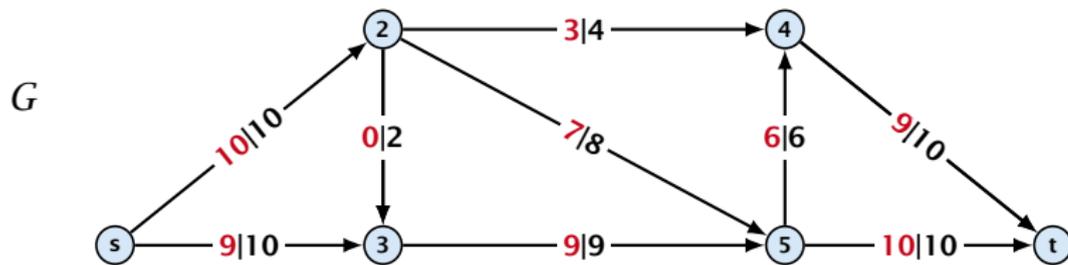
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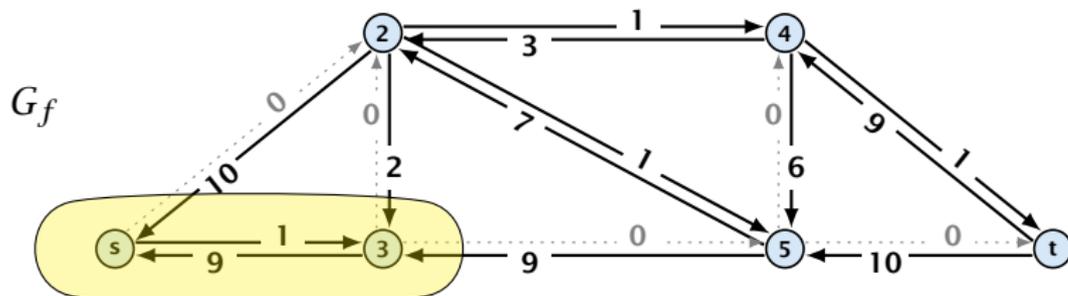
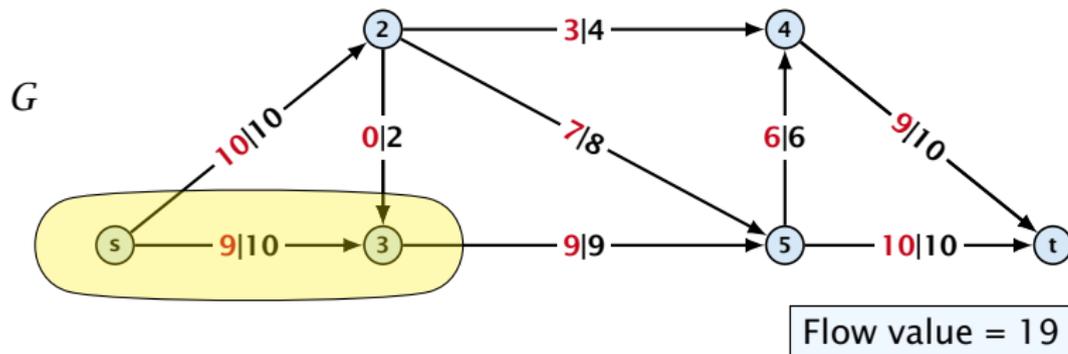
Flow value = 19



Augmenting Path Algorithm



Augmenting Path Algorithm



Augmenting Path Algorithm

Theorem 2

A flow f is a maximum flow iff there are no augmenting paths.

Theorem 3

The value of a maximum flow is equal to the value of a minimum cut.

Proof.

Let f be a flow. The following are equivalent:

- 1. There exists a cut (S, T) such that f is saturated w.r.t. (S, T) .
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If there were an augmenting path, we could improve the flow.
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Augmenting Path Algorithm

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This finishes the proof.

Here the first equality uses the flow value lemma, and the second exploits the fact that the flow along incoming edges must be 0 as the residual graph does not have edges leaving A .

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All capacities are integers between 1 and C .

Invariant:

Every flow value $f(e)$ and every residual capacity $c_f(e)$ remains integral throughout the algorithm.

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Theorem 5

If all capacities are integers, then there exists a maximum flow for which every flow value $f(e)$ is integral.

Lemma 4

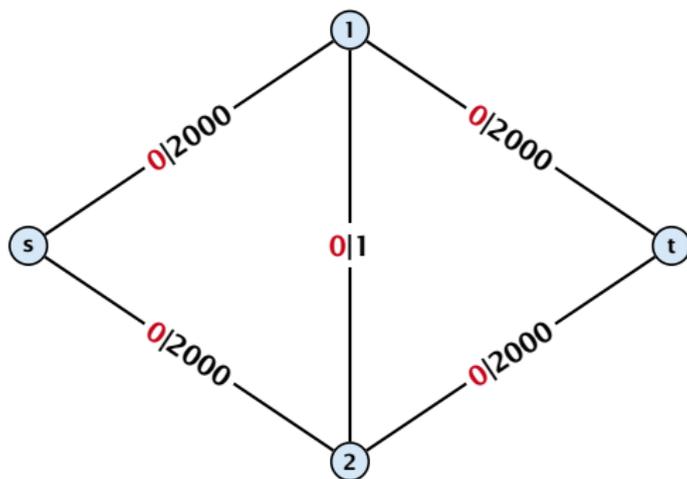
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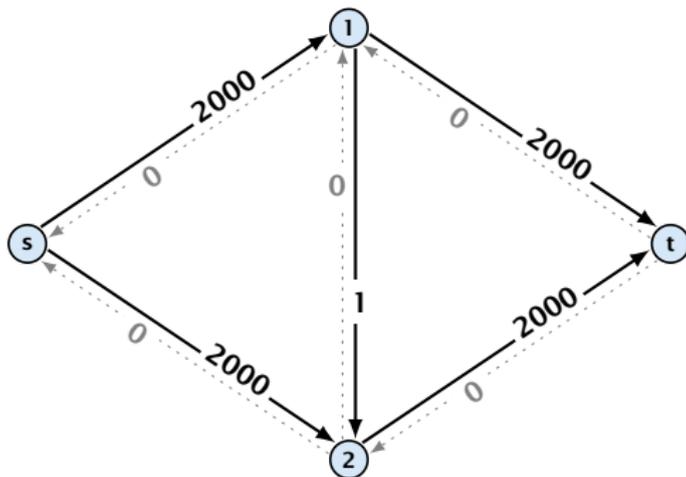
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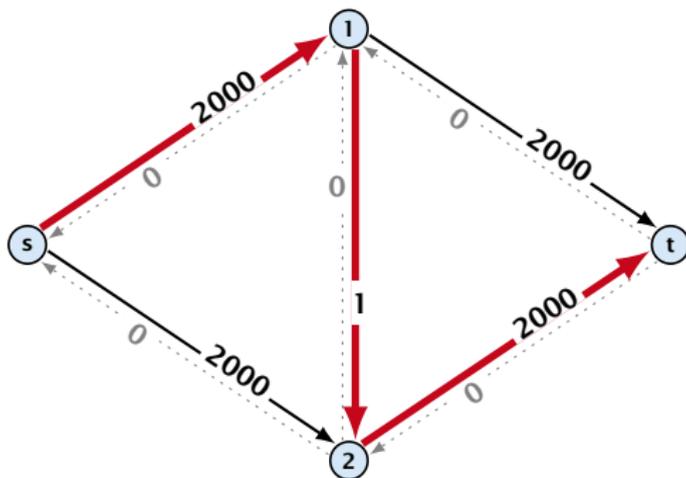


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Can we tweak the algorithm so that the running time is polynomial in the input length?

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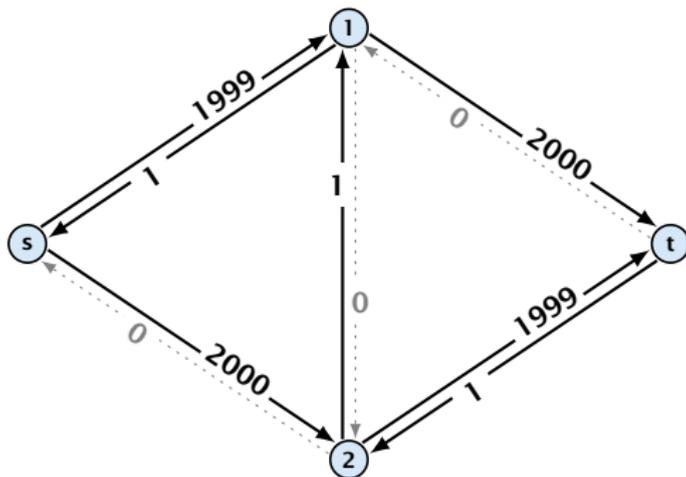


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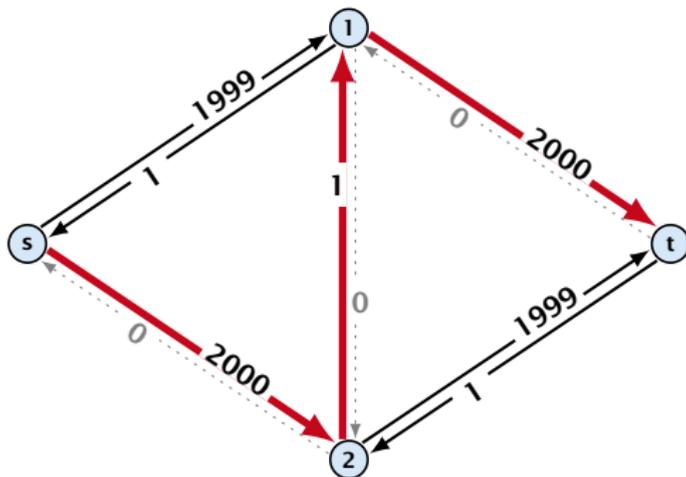


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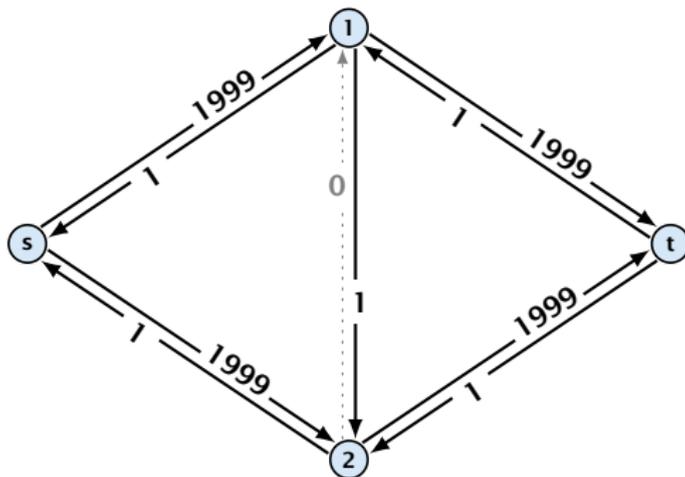


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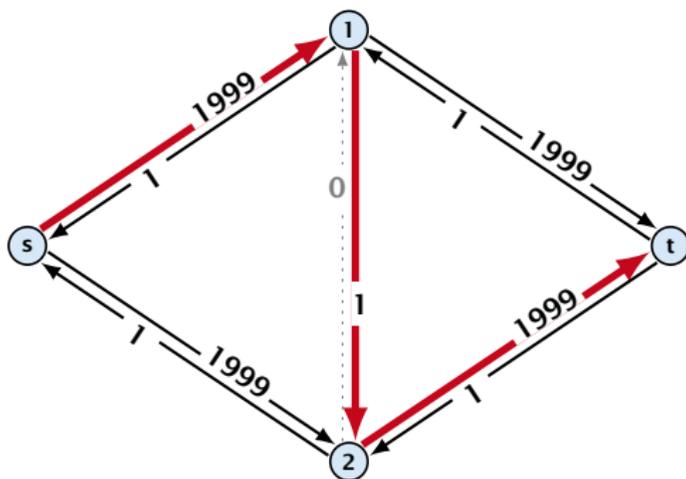


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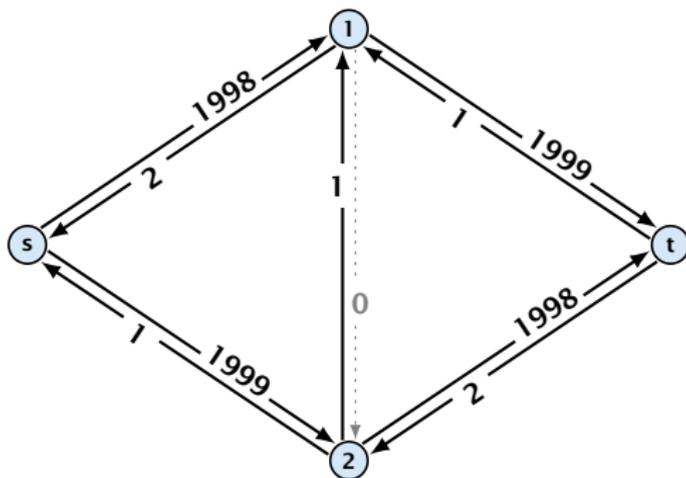


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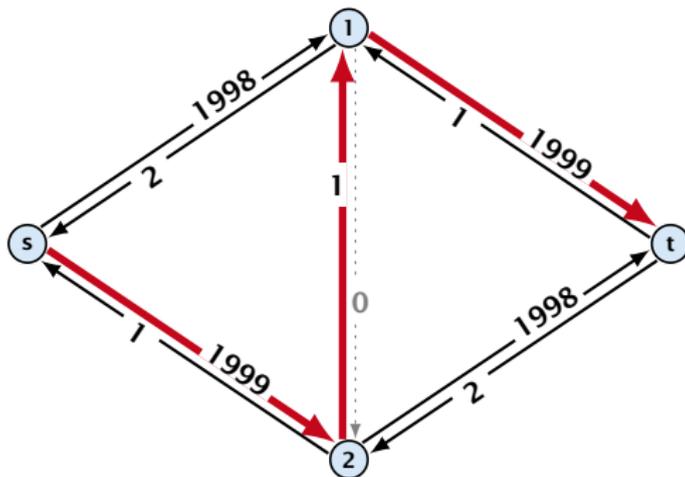


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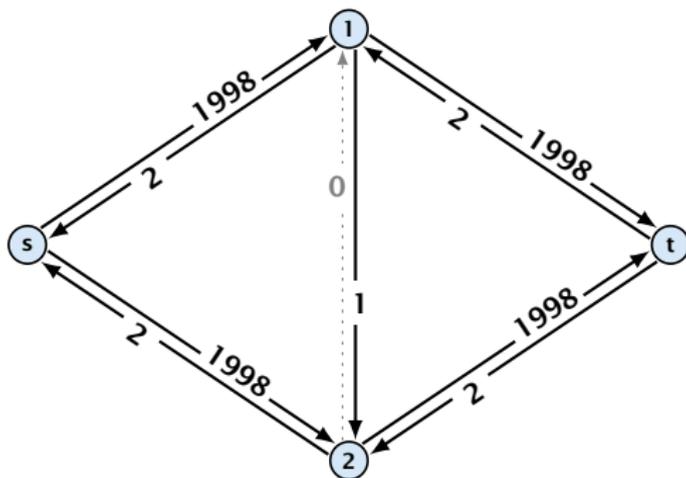


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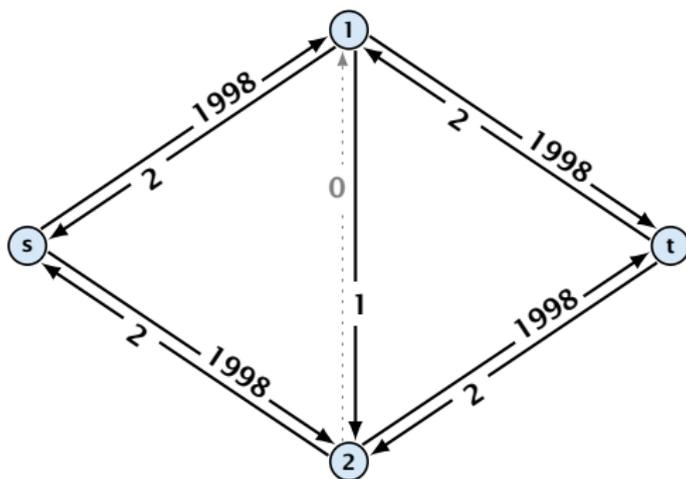


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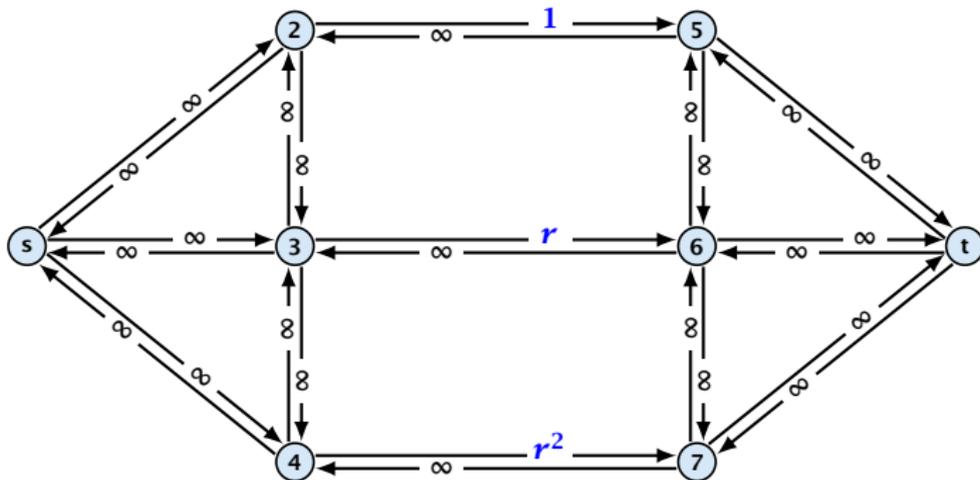


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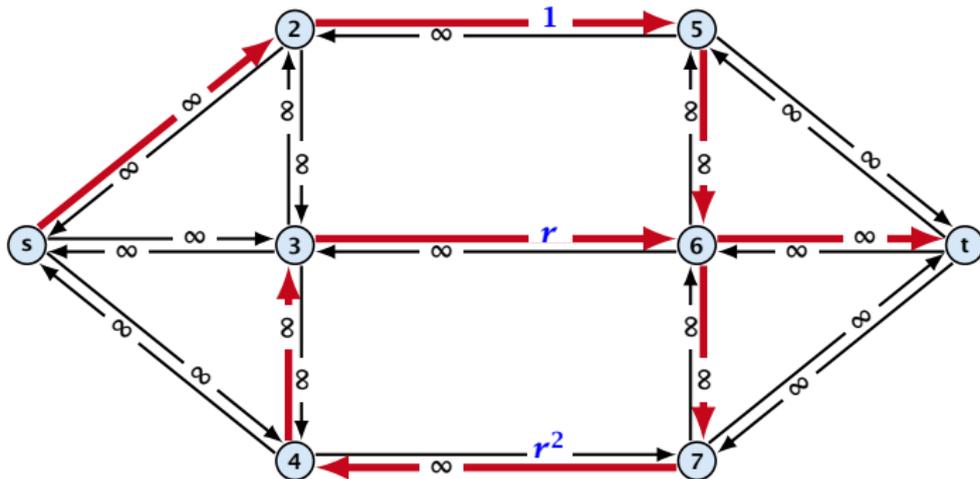
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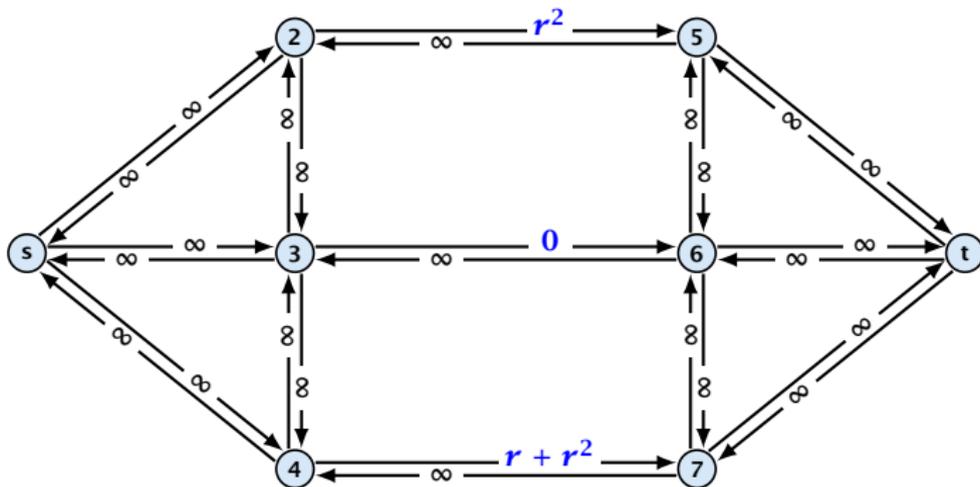
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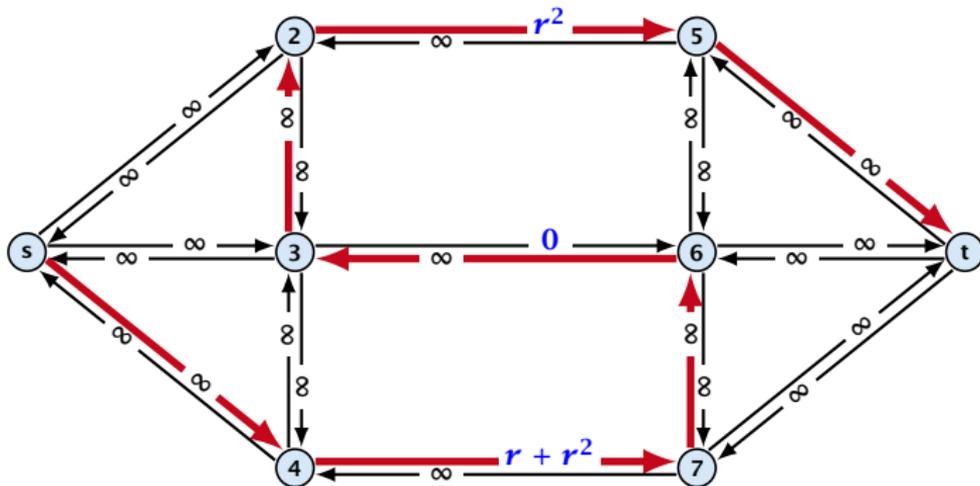
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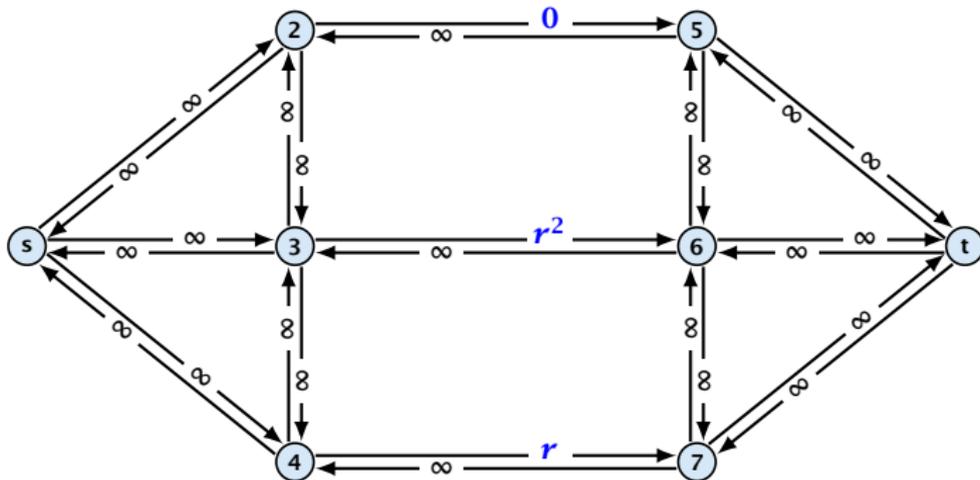
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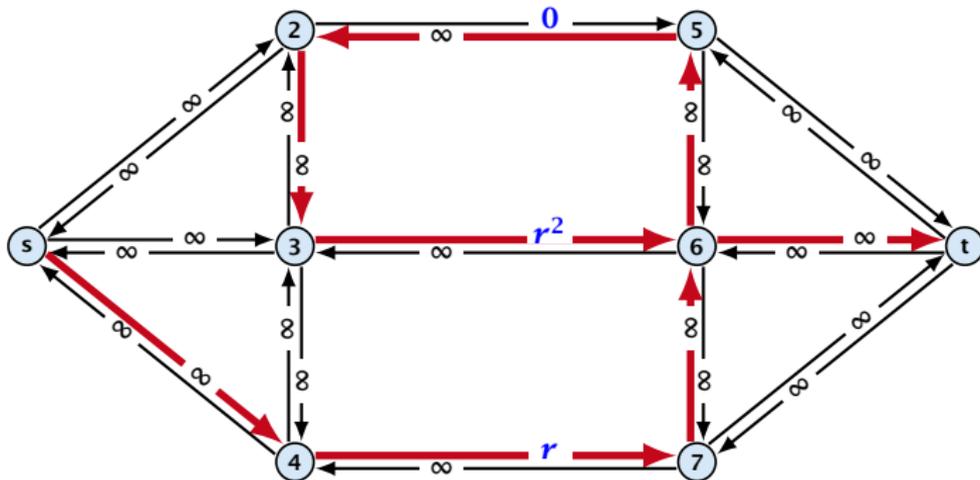
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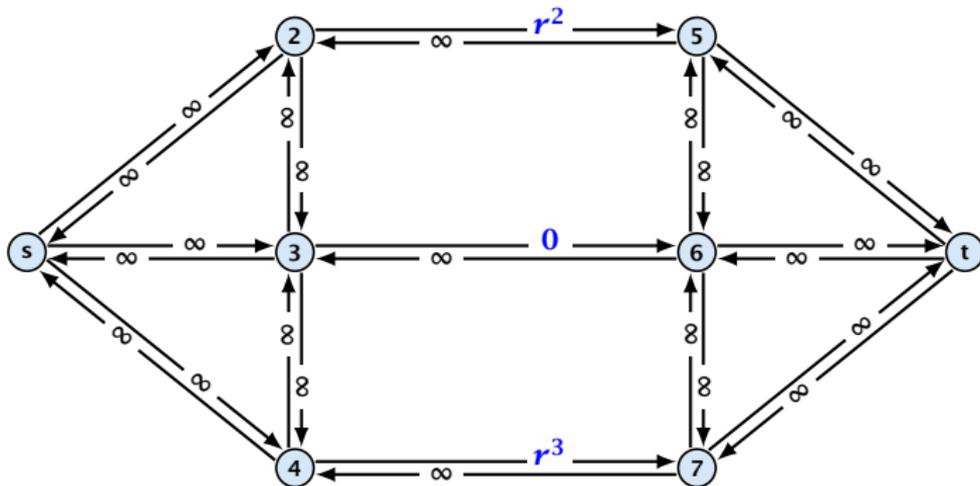
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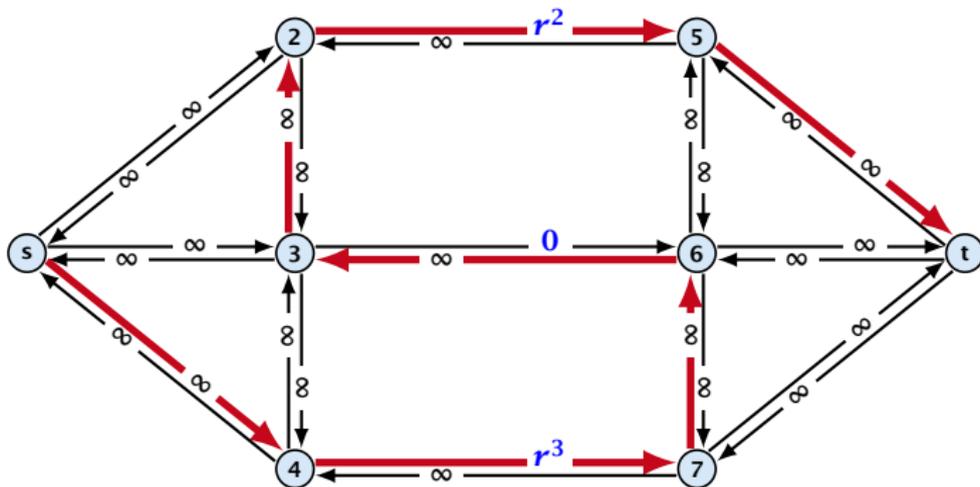
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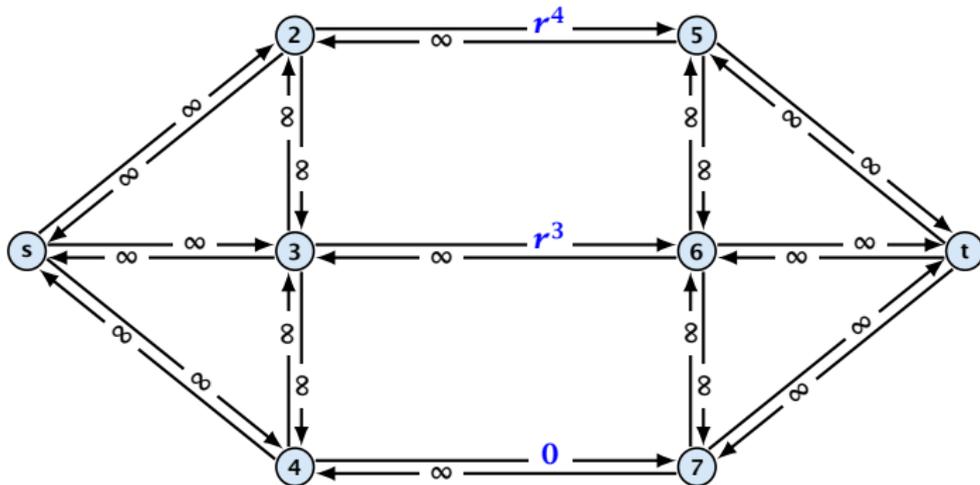
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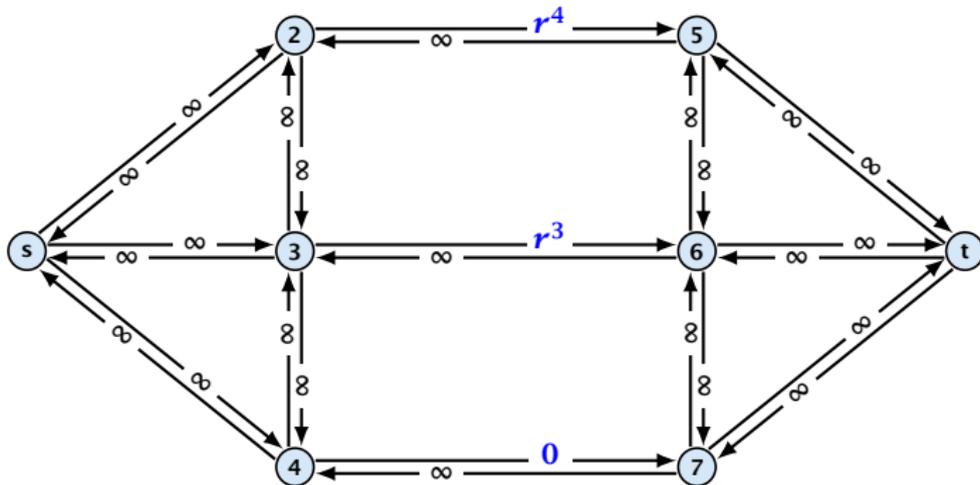
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Overview: Shortest Augmenting Paths

Lemma 6

The length of the shortest augmenting path never decreases.

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After at most $\mathcal{O}(m)$ augmentations, the length of the shortest augmenting path strictly increases.

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We can find the shortest augmenting paths in time $\mathcal{O}(m)$.

Thus, $\mathcal{O}(mn)$

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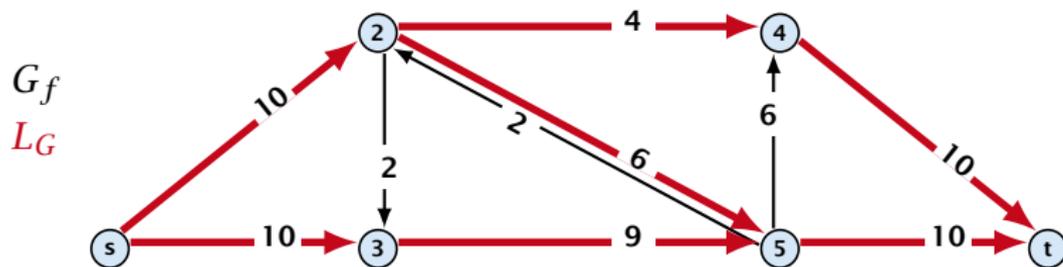
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In the following we assume that the residual graph G_f does not contain zero capacity edges.

This means, we construct it in the usual sense and then delete edges of zero capacity.

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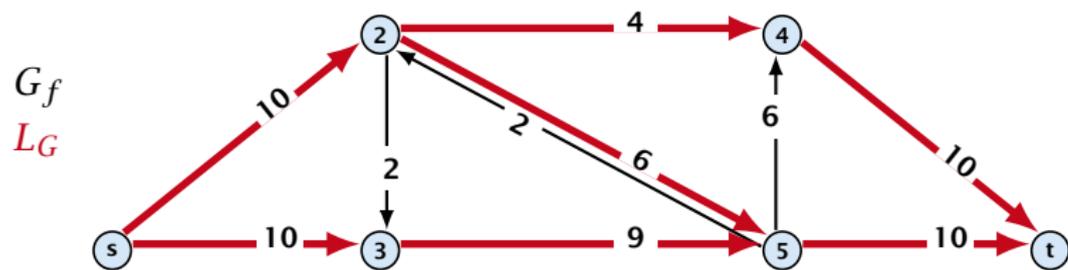
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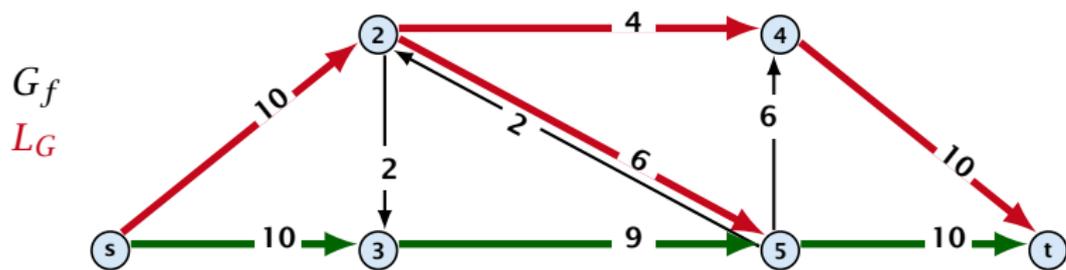
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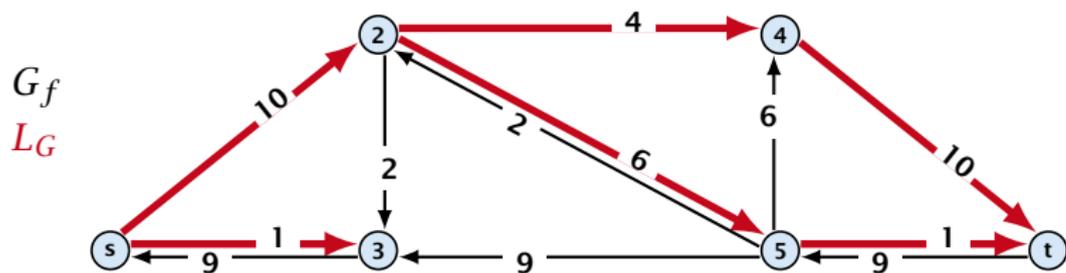
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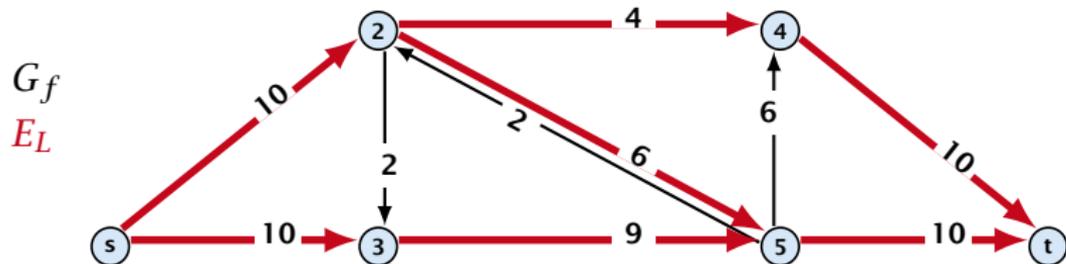
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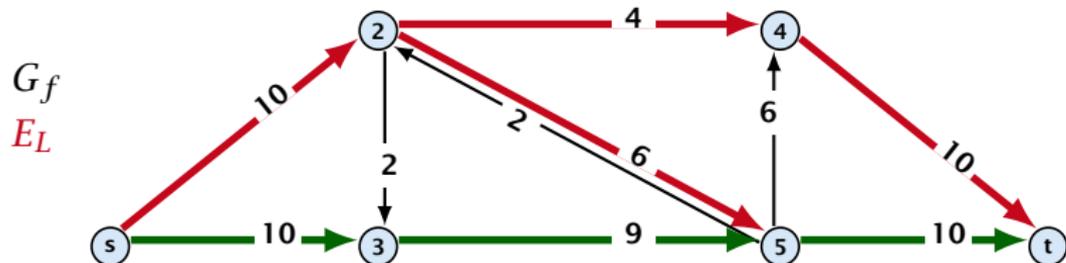
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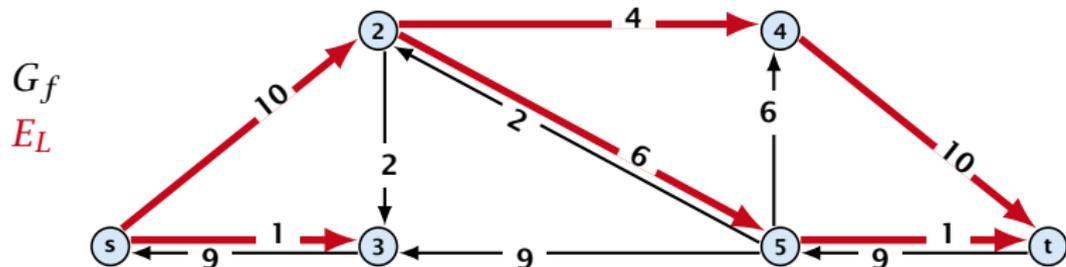
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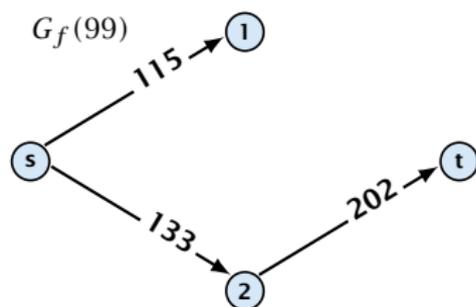
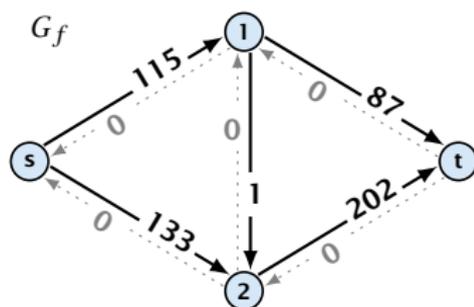
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Algorithm 2 maxflow(G, s, t, c)

```
1: foreach  $e \in E$  do  $f_e \leftarrow 0$ ;  
2:  $\Delta \leftarrow 2^{\lceil \log_2 C \rceil}$   
3: while  $\Delta \geq 1$  do  
4:    $G_f(\Delta) \leftarrow \Delta$ -residual graph  
5:   while there is augmenting path  $P$  in  $G_f(\Delta)$  do  
6:      $f \leftarrow \text{augment}(f, c, P)$   
7:      $\text{update}(G_f(\Delta))$   
8:    $\Delta \leftarrow \Delta/2$   
9: return  $f$ 
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Proof:

- ▶ Let f be the flow at the end of the previous phase.
- ▶ $\text{val}(f^*) \leq \text{val}(f) + 2m\Delta$
- ▶ Each augmentation increases flow by Δ .

Capacity Scaling

Lemma 13

There are at most $2m$ augmentations per scaling-phase.

Proof:

- ▶ Let f be the flow at the end of the previous phase.
- ▶ $\text{val}(f^*) \leq \text{val}(f) + 2m\Delta$
- ▶ Each augmentation increases flow by Δ .

Theorem 14

We need $\mathcal{O}(m \log C)$ augmentations. The algorithm can be implemented in time $\mathcal{O}(m^2 \log C)$.