Technische Universität München Fakultät für Informatik Lehrstuhl für Effiziente Algorithmen Prof. Dr. Ernst W. Mayr Chris Pinkau, Stefan Toman

Praktikum Algorithmenentwurf

Due Date: Monday, 6th January 2014, 14:00

Aufgabe 1 (Suffix arrays)

Write a program for the construction of a suffix array for a given input text X of length n in time $O(n \log n)$. Use a little memory space as possible. Moreover, write the algorithm for searching the text X for a search pattern Y of length m to run in time $O(m \log n)$. If the pattern occurs in X, your program should display the number of occurrences as well as the positions of the first and last occurrences in X. These are the positions with the smallest and largest suffix, with respect to the lexicographic ordering. These correspond to the entries you find with binary search in the **Pos** array.

Your program <u>must not be implemented with LEDA</u>. The running time for the construction of the suffix array is to be displayed, as well as the running times of the individual searches for the patterns. Check your implementation with these values and determine whether it really grows linearly in the length of the text, or the length of the search pattern, respectively.

The input text consists of arbitrary ASCII characters (of type char), hence the size of the alphabet is 256. The character \$ is the end-of-file symbol and occurs only at the end of texts. As example inputs you may use the text files text1.txt to text6.txt and the pattern files text1.pat to text6.pat (as well as the corresponding solution files text1.sol to text6.sol). Every text file contains a text, followed by \$. The pattern files contain a bunch of patterns, all followed by a \$ and a line break. Note that the patterns may contain line breaks. Your program receives the names of the input file and the pattern file as command line parameters; the output is displayed on the screen.

Hints

Consider the example of a correct output for the algorithm on the next site.

Example for input and output of the algorithm

Input:

```
Heute programmieren wir
einen Algorithmus zur
Suche in Texten.$
te$
wir
ein$
xx$
```

Output: