Department of Biomedical Systems, Moscow State Institute of Electronics Technology (Technical University)

Panoramic ultrasonic imaging

Presented by Vera Degtiareva

Superviser: Michael N. Rychagov, Prof., Dr.Sc.

MB-JASS 2011

General information

Problem: As a result of the limited aperture, only the limited view can be obtained with a fixed transducer position

Task: In many applications it is desirable to get a more comprehensive overview of the region of investigation



Solution: Recover in-plane transducer motions and combine the information into a single panoramic image

Method: Numerical modeling using Matlab

Main steps



Find features



$$L(x,y,\sigma) = G(x,y,\sigma) * I(x,y),$$

where L — value of Gaussian in a point with coordinates (x,y), σ — radius of blurring, G — Gaussian core,

- I input image,
- * convolution operation .

 $D(x, y, \sigma) = (G(x, y, k\sigma) - G(x, y, \sigma)) * I(x, y) =$ $= L(x, y, k\sigma) - L(x, y, \sigma).$

*****Image1 - Image2*****
Finding keypoints 1...
260 keypoints are found.
Finding keypoints 2...
148 keypoints are found.

Image matching



Initial match found : 28 matches. RANSAC match found: 26 matches.



2 false matches were removed by RANSAC algorithm

Image transformation



H1=H1_0= [1 0 0; 0 1 0; 0 0 1]

H2=H1_0*H2_1

 $\begin{array}{l} H2 = \\ 0.9867 & 0.0032 & 147.9864 \\ -0.0068 & 1.0006 & 0.1231 \\ -0.0001 & 0.0000 & 1.0000 \end{array}$

PSNR based image quality estimation



Original modeling image



Final panoramic image

PSNR – Peak Signal-to-Noise Ratio

$$PSNR = 20\log 10 \left(\frac{1}{rms}\right),$$

where *rms* – root mean square difference between two images

PSNR = +44.46dB

This value indicates that the stitching is of high quality

Conclusion

• Panoramic images were generated from two and several ultrasonic images received by linear array

- Developed program module has good runtime performance and stability
- Final panoramic image is of high quality
- At present, modeling data for phased array are obtained

Thank you for your attention!