



# Iridoglyphic complex for human functional status assessment

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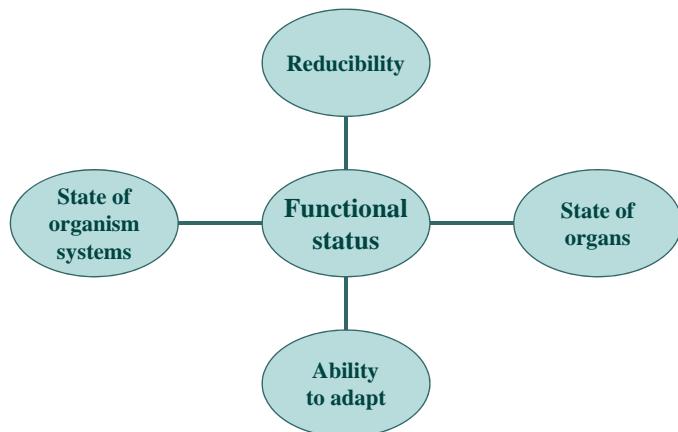
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## Human functional status assessment



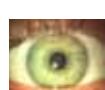
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## Human functional status assessment



METHODS  
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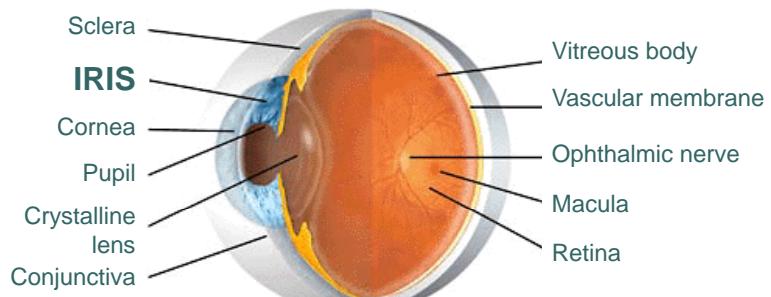


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## ● ● ● Iridoglyphics principles

Iridoglyphic research = Iris signs analysis

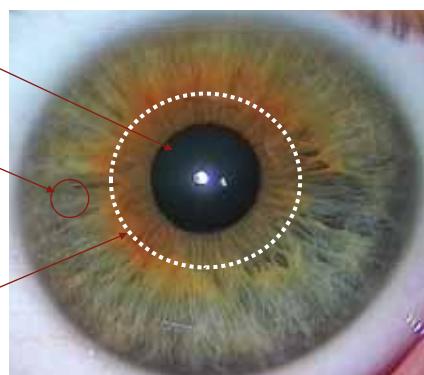


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## ● ● ● Integral iris signs

- ✓ Pupil state
- ✓ Stroma density
- ✓ Color
- ✓ Autonomous ring state

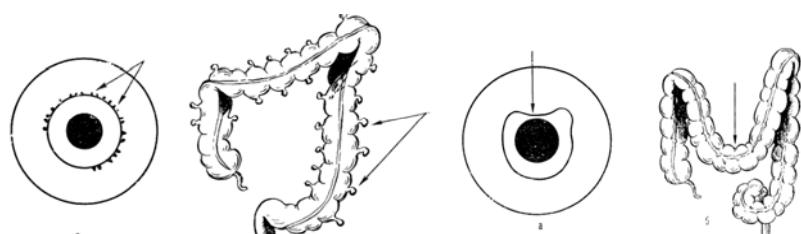
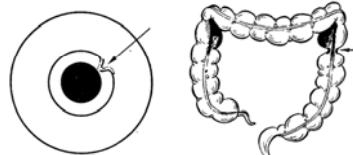


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## ● ● ● | Integral iris signs

Shape of autonomous ring:

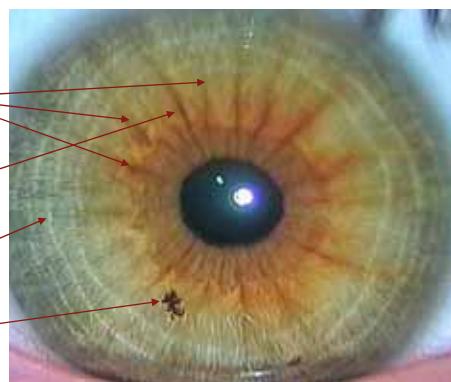


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## ● ● ● | Local iris signs

- ✓ Lacunes
- ✓ Toxic radiance
- ✓ Stress ring
- ✓ Pigmented spot

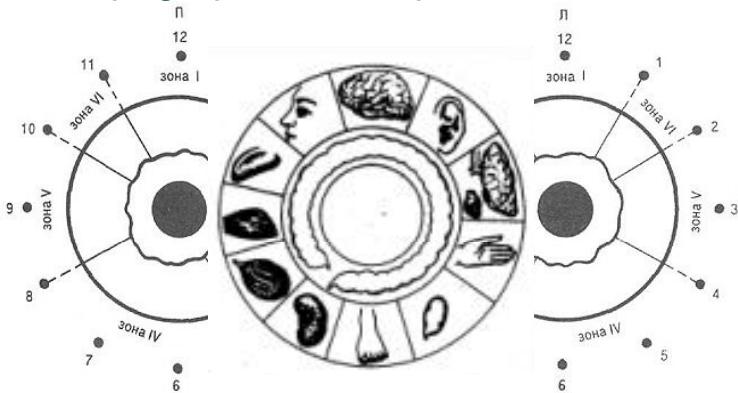


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## Local iris signs

### Topographic iris map



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## Integral and local iris signs

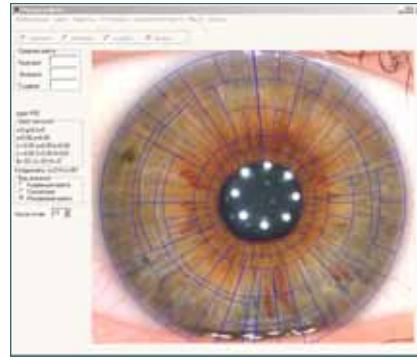
- ✓ Dimensions
- ✓ Localization
- ✓ Shape
- ✓ Structure
- ✓ Relief

| Item                         | Symbol          | Size of changes, mm |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Pupil diameter               | D <sub>p</sub>  | 2,3..7,7            |
| Autonomous ring diameter     | D <sub>ar</sub> | 3,4..9,2            |
| Iris external diameter       |                 | 9,5..13,7           |
| Local sign's radial size     | h <sub>ls</sub> | -                   |
| Local sign's tangential size | L <sub>ls</sub> | -                   |

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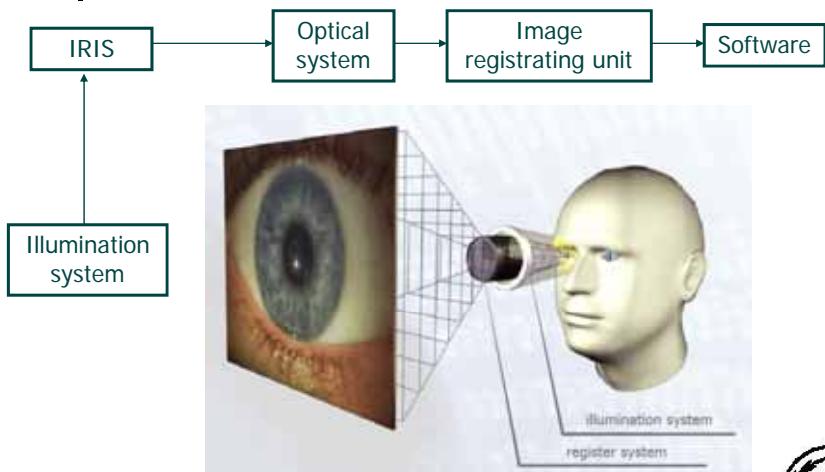
● ● ● | Iridoglyphics system



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● ● ● | Iridoglyphics system



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## • • • Signs registration conditions

Local contrast:  $C = \frac{L_1 - L_2}{L_{\max}}, \quad L_1, L_2 \in [0; L_{\max}]$

where L<sub>1</sub> and L<sub>2</sub> – brightness of image elements

Integrated contrast:

$$C_{\text{int}} = \frac{1}{2L_{\max}} \int_0^{\infty} [2(L - \bar{L}) + L_{\max} - |2(L - \bar{L}) - L_{\max}|] \cdot H(L) dL$$

where L – brightness of image elements,  $\bar{L}$  - brightness level arithmetical mean

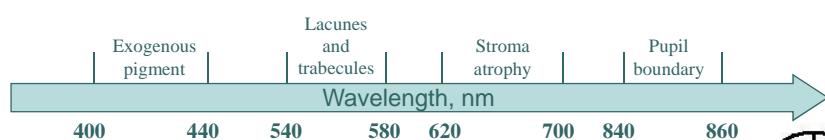
$H(L)$ - distribution bar chart of image elements brightness

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## • • • Signs registration conditions

| Measured parameter           | Size of changing |              |              |              |              |               |
|------------------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
|                              | 620-700nm        | 568-575nm    | 400-450nm    | White        | 860          | 910           |
| Integrated iris contrast     | 0,261..0,299     | 0,238..0,302 | 0,212..0,285 | 0,276..0,315 | 0,199..0,362 | 0,261..0,284  |
| Iris-sclera contrast         | 0,004..0,009     | 0,005..0,044 | 0,008..0,042 | 0,05..0,77   | 0,009..0,069 | 0,009..0,087  |
| Pupil-iris contrast          | 0,07..0,053      | 0,017..0,048 | 0,049..0,109 | 0,019..0,085 | 0,012..0,068 | 0,062..0,092/ |
| Lacuna-iris contrast         | 0,038..0,044     | 0,021..0,049 | 0,019..0,026 | 0,014..0,029 | 0,07..0,031  | 0,017..0,022  |
| Pigmented spot-iris contrast | 0,015..0,03      | 0,017..0,029 | 0,005..0,074 | 0,011..0,055 | 0,017..0,038 | 0,026..0,044  |



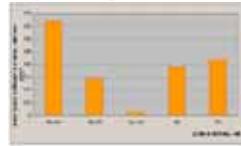
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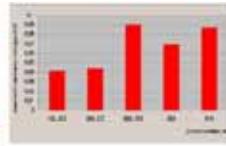
## ● ● ● Signs registration conditions

Local contrast with illumination  
in different spectral region

Pigmented spot-iris contrast



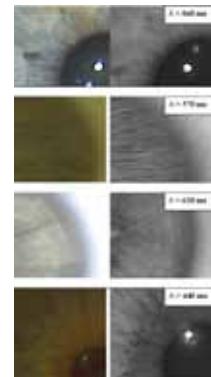
Iris-sclera contrast



Lacuna-iris contrast



Pupil-iris contrast



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## ● ● ● Iris color classification

Color

Gray



Light-brown



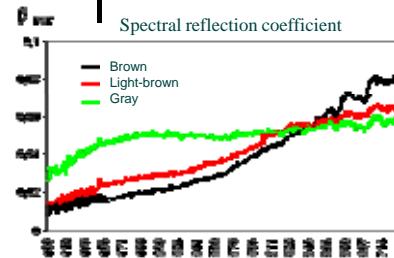
Brown



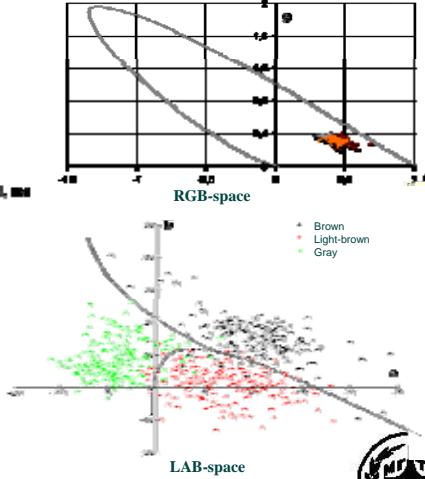
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## Iris color classification



Tristimulus values distribution of color body



Classification results: alpha and beta error probability

|        |   | Eye color |             |      |
|--------|---|-----------|-------------|------|
|        |   | Brown     | Light-brown | Gray |
| Result | 1 | 93        | 5           | 0    |
|        | 2 | 7         | 92          | 3    |
|        | 3 | 0         | 3           | 94   |

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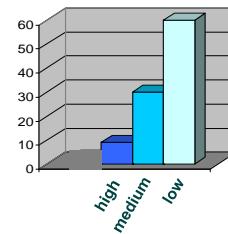
## Conclusions

- Iridoglyphics research is a complex method of human functional status assessment with a glance of genetic features;
- Change of iris illumination simplifies selecting and enables to find hidden signs;
- Developed color classification enables to estimate human reparative possibilities which are important for treatment and occupational selection.

Probability of Functional status assessment coincidence

| Functional status assessment | Iridoglyphics assessment (M.D. Gallimulin) |        |     |
|------------------------------|--|--------|-----|
|                              | High                                       | Medium | Low |
| High                         | 91   | 9      | 0   |
| Medium                       | 8  | 82     | 10  |
| Low                          | 1  | 10     | 89  |

Disability days per 3 years for one patient



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